CEQA GHG EMISSIONS ANALYSIS COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

CLIMATE ACTION PLAN CONSISTENCY CHECKLIST FOR New Development

The City of San Luis Obispo has prepared a Climate Action Plan (CAP) that establishes 2030 greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) targets and a communitywide goal of carbon neutrality by 2035 and provides foundational actions to establish a trajectory towards achieving that goal. The CAP includes specific actions to achieve the short-term communitywide emissions reduction targets of 45 percent below 1990 levels by 2030 and 66 percent below 1990 levels by 2035. This is consistent with California's goal of reducing GHG emissions to 40 percent below 1990 levels (Senate Bill 32) by 2030 and provides substantial progress towards achieving the state's long-term GHG reduction goal of carbon neutrality (Executive Order B-55-18). The City Council, City staff, and community will continue to develop an approach to the long-term aspirational goal of carbon neutrality.

Over the years, new City programs have been implemented while others have evolved. Plans from a range of departments have been executed and updated. Per the 2020 SLO CAP, the CAP will be updated every four years with annual reviews of progress on implementation of specific CAP foundational actions. The City Office of Sustainability is updating the City's progress towards GHG reductions in 2019 to align with the next major CAP update milestone year.

Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5, a lead agency may determine that a project's incremental contribution to a cumulative effect is not cumulatively considerable if the project complies with the requirements in a previously adopted plan or mitigation program under specified circumstances. In order for the 2020 SLO CAP to be considered a qualified GHG reduction strategy and provide for CEQA streamlining of GHG analysis for future development the CAP it must identify those measures that are applicable to new development. The 2020 SLO CAP includes measures that are applicable to existing developments, municipal government operations, as well as voluntary and mandatory measures to be applied to new development for public and private projects. Mandatory GHG reduction programs that are applicable to new development are summarized in the following California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) GHG Emissions Compliance Checklist (referred to herein as the CEQA GHG Checklist). This CEQA GHG Checklist identifies applicable regulations, applicability, requirements, and monitoring and reporting required by regulations. The purpose of the CEQA GHG Checklist is to assist with determining project consistency with the CAP and other applicable sustainability-focused regulations and provide a streamlined review process for proposed new development projects that are subject to discretionary review and trigger environmental review pursuant to the CEQA.

This CEQA GHG Checklist contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-by-project basis to ensure that the specified emissions targets identified in the CAP are achieved. Implementation of these measures would ensure that new development is consistent with CAP assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Projects or plans that are consistent with the CAP as determined through the use of this CEQA GHG Checklist may rely on the CAP Initial Study-Negative Declaration GHG emissions analysis

for the respective project- and cumulative-level GHG emissions impacts analysis. Projects that are identified as not consistent with the CAP through the use of this CEQA GHG Checklist must prepare a project-specific analysis of GHG emissions, including quantification of existing and projected GHG emissions compared to the SLO CEQA GHG Threshold(s) and incorporation of the CAP foundational actions in this CEQA GHG Checklist to the extent feasible.

Cumulative GHG emissions associated with construction from a land use development project are generally orders of magnitude lower than the operational emissions from a project, because construction emissions are generally short in duration compared to the project's overall lifetime, and thus can be assessed qualitatively as part of related CEQA GHG emissions analysis. However, some projects may have long construction periods or entail large quantities of cut and fill that could result in construction-related GHG emissions that may be considered significant. Thus, the City retains the discretion on a project-by-project basis to consider whether a project's construction-related GHG emissions could be cumulatively considerable and require more detailed quantitative CEQA GHG emissions analysis and respective mitigation.

This CEQA GHG Checklist may be periodically updated to incorporate new GHG reduction techniques, to comply with later amendments to the CAP, or to reflect changes in other sustainability-focused local, State, or federal laws, regulations, ordinances, and programs. At a minimum, this CEQA GHG Checklist will be updated every four years consistent with CAP update timing.

APPLICATION SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

The CEQA GHG Checklist is required to accompany the City's Environmental Determination Application Checklist for all projects and plans subject to CEQA review, whether supported by private or government (local of State) funding, proposed within the City limits. The CEQA GHG Checklist is designed to assist the applicant in identifying the minimum CAP and other applicable sustainability-focused requirements specific to a proposed project or plan. However, it may be necessary to supplement the completed CEQA GHG Checklist with supporting materials, calculations, or certifications to demonstrate compliance with CAP and other applicable sustainability-focused requirements. If not already committed to clearly as part of the CEQA project description, in the CEQA GHG Checklist will be included in the respective project or plan conditions of approval.

GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

Contact Information	
Project or Plan Name: 2855 McMillan	
Address: 2855 McMillan, San Luis Obispo, CA 9340)1
Applicant Name and Co.: Rebecca Newman, Arris St	rudio Architects
Contact Phone: (805) 547-2240 x122	Contact Email:rebecca@arris-studio.com
Was a consultant retained to complete this checklist? If Yes, complete the following:	Yes□ No™
Consultant Name:	Contact Phone:
Company Name:	Contact Email:
Project Information	
What is the size of the project site or plan area (acres)? Gross: .4 Acres (17,250 sf) Net: .31 Acres (13,746 sf)	
Identify all applicable proposed land uses: ☐ Residential (indicate # of single-family dwelling ur	nits):
	<u> </u>
☐ Residential (indicate # of multi-family dwelling uni	TS):
Commercial (indicate total square footage, gross 2,973 sf	and net):
Industrial (indicate total square footage, gross and 5,299 sf	d net):
☐ Agricultural (indicate total acreage, gross and net	·):
Other (describe):	
Project description. This description should be consist used for the CEQA document. The description may be a space constraints. See project description attack.	attached to the GHG Checklist if there are

COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST TABLE

LAND USE CONSISTENCY				
Regulation	Requirements	Project/Plan Compliance	Explanation	
General Plan	1a. Does the project include a land use element and/or zoning designation amendment? If "No", proceed to Section II – CAP Measures Consistency. If "Yes", proceed to question 1b.	Yes□ No X N/A□		
General Plan	1b. Does the land use element and/or zoning designation amendment result in an equivalent or less GHG-intensive project when compared to the existing designations? If "Yes", attach to this checklist the estimated project emissions under both existing and proposed designation(s) for comparison. Compare the maximum buildout of the existing designation and the maximum buildout of the proposed designation. If the proposed project is determined to result in an equivalent or less GHG-intensive project when compared to the existing designations, proceed to Step 2 of the checklist.	Yes□ No□ N/A X		

If "No" the applicant must prepare a project- specific analysis of GHG emissions, including quantification of existing and projected GHG emissions compared to the SLO CEQA GHG Threshold(s) and incorporation of the CAP foundational actions in this CEQA GHG Checklist to the extent feasible.	

CAP FOUNDATIONAL ACTIONS CONSISTENCY

Pillar 1: Lead by Example

The foundational actions of this pillar pertain exclusively to municipal operations of the City of San Luis Obispo. In order to display consistency with the Climate Action Plan for the purposes of CEQA, applicants must complete the questions for pillars two through six.

Pillar 2: Clean Energy Systems Regulation Requirements **Project/Plan Compliance Explanation** Yes□ 2. Does the Project/Plan include an operational **Climate Action** Plan Volume II. commitment to participate in Monterey Bay NoX Community Power? Energy 1.1 N/A **Pillar 3: Green Buildings** Regulation Requirements **Project/Plan Compliance Explanation** 3. Does the Project/Plan exclusively include "Allelectric buildings"? For the purpose of this checklist, the following definitions and exemptions apply: Clean Energy Yes **Choice Program** All-electric building. A new building that has no No□ natural gas plumbing installed within the building and for New Buildings Municipal Code that uses electricity as the source of energy for all N/A 🗆 Section 15.04.110 space heating, water heating, cooking appliances, and clothes drying appliances. An All-Electric Building may be plumbed for the use of natural gas as fuel for appliances in a commercial kitchen.

 Specific exemptions to the requirements for allelectric buildings include: Commercial kitchens The extension of natural gas infrastructure into an industrial building for the purpose of supporting manufacturing processes (i.e. not including space conditioning). Accessory Dwelling Units that are attached to an existing single-family home. Essential Service Buildings including, but not limited to, public facilities, hospitals, medical 		
 to, public facilities, hospitals, medical centers and emergency operations centers. Temporary buildings. Gas line connections used exclusively for emergency generators. Any buildings or building components 	 	
exempt from the California Energy Code. Residential subdivisions in process of permitting or constructing initial public improvements for any phase of a final map recorded prior to January 1, 2020, unless compliance is required by an existing Development Agreement.		
If the proposed project falls into an above exemption category, what measures are applicants taking to reduce onside fossil fuel consumption to the maximum extent feasible? If not applicable (N/A), explain why this action is not relevant.		

Clean Energy Choice Program for New Buildings Municipal Code Section 15.04.110	4. If the Project/Plan includes a new mixed-fuel building or buildings (plumbed for the use of natural gas as fuel for space heating, water heating, cooking or clothes drying appliances) does that building/those buildings meet or exceed the City's Energy Reach code?	Yes□ No□ N/A	
	Pillar 4: Connected Com	nmunity	
Regulation	Requirements	Project/Plan Compliance	Explanation
Municipal Code Chapter <u>17.72</u>	5. Does the Project/Plan comply with requirements in the City's Municipal Code with no exceptions, including bicycle parking, bikeway design, and EV charging stations?	YesX No□ N/A□	
Multimodal Transportation Impact Study Guidelines	6a. Is the estimated Project/Plan-generated Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) within the City's adopted thresholds, as confirmed by the City's Transportation Division?	Yes X No□ N/A□	See email attached from Luke Schwartz, City transportation Manager
Multimodal Transportation Impact Study Guidelines	6b. If "No", does the Project/Plan include VMT mitigation strategies and/or a Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Plan approved by the City's Transportation Division? Please explain. TDM components may include, but are not limited to: • Telecommuting • Car Sharing	Yes□ No□ N/A	

	Shuttle Service		
	 Carpools Vanpools Bicycle Parking Facilities Participate in Rideshare's Back n Forth Club Transit Subsidies Off-Site Sustainable Transportation Infrastructure Improvements 		
Bicycle Transportation Plan	7. Does the Project/Plan demonstrate consistency with the City's Bicycle Transportation Plan ¹ ?	Yes X No□ N/A□	
	Pillar 5: Circular Ecor	nomy	
Regulation	Requirements	Project/Plan Compliance	Explanation
Development Standards for Solid Waste Services	8. Will the Project/Plan subscribe all units and/or buildings to organic waste pick up and provide the appropriate on-site enclosures consistent with the provisions of the City of San Luis Obispo Development Standards for Solid Waste Services? Please provide a letter from San Luis Garbage company verifying that the project complies with their standards and requirements for organic waste pick up.	Yes□ No□ N/A X	There is no organic waste anticipated. However, we have included a letter from SLO Garbage verifying that our project meets their requirements and they will provide service.
Pillar 6: Natural Solutions			

¹ The City is set to adopt an Active Transportation Plan (ATP) in October of 2020 which will effectively update and replace the current Bicycle Transportation Plan. Upon adoption, the ATP will become the new regulation with which compliance is required for the purposes of this checklist.

Regulation	Requirements	Project/Plan Compliance	Explanation
Municipal Code Chapter 12.24	9. Does the Project/Plan comply with Municipal Code requirements for trees?	Yes ∀ No□ N/A□	Compensatory Tree planting will be provided onsite and off site at a 1 to 1 ratio.



Date: July 8, 2021

To: City of San Luis Obispo

Planning Dept

Re: 2855 McMillan Project Description

To Whom It May Concern,

This project proposes the construction of a 2-story office and warehouse building at 2855 McMillan. The proposed building is roughly 8,300 sf and contains a partial second floor office and storage space. The site and adjacent parcels are zoned M-Manufacturing with approved uses for light manufacturing and storage. The proposed office use requires a Minor Use Permit. All parking for the building would be provided on-site including all required ADA parking and electric vehicle spaces. Additional site improvements include sidewalk, curb and gutter, driveway entrance and trash/recycle enclosure.

A major aspect of this development is the treatment of an existing drainage swale running through the property. We are proposing to culvertize the swale as a part of the improvements. The addition of the culvert will help solve the erosion problem adjacent to McMillan Ave. as well as improve safety and allow for a sidewalk, curb and gutter to be installed. It is because of this work that we will also need the approval of various state agencies, including Fish & Wildlife, Army Corp of Engineers and the Water Board. A cultural resources study will be required by the Army Corp of Engineers for their consultation with the State Historic Preservation Officer pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. This cultural resources study will also be submitted to the City of San Luis Obispo for their review and inclusion in the Initial Study. In the event that cultural resources are found, compliance with Section 106 will be required.

Based on previously proposed developments for this parcel, a Mitigated Negative Declaration is anticipated, and it is unlikely that an Environmental Impact Report will be triggered. None the less, all technical reports are being provided to assess the impacts of work on this site.

Sincerely,

Rebecca Newman, (805) 547-2240 x122

Arris Studio Architects

Rebecca Newman

From: Schwartz, Luke <LSchwart@slocity.org>

Sent: Tuesday, April 13, 2021 1:04 PM

To: Rebecca Newman
Cc: Wade Crosno; Bell, Kyle

Subject: RE: VMT Analysis for 2855 McMillan

Hi Rebecca.

I reviewed the development proposal in more detail this AM. The project would generate approximately 60 new daily auto trips, which would qualify for exemption from VMT analysis based on the City's adopted VMT analysis thresholds, which I've excerpted below.

VMT Impact Analysis for Land Use Projects

Per OPR guidance, land use projects that meet the following screening thresholds may be assumed to result in a less-than-significant transportation impact under CEQA, and will not require a detailed quantitative VMT assessment.

Screening Criteria for Land Use Projects Exempt from VMT Analysis

Project	Гуре	OPR Recommended Threshold
Small Develop Projects		Projects anticipated to generate < 110 daily vehicle trips (11 peak hour vehicle trips) may be assumed to cause a less-than-significant impact, unless substantial evidence indicates that a project would generate a potentially significant level of VMT or create inconsistency with the SLOCOG RTP Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS).
Medium	-Sized	Many based consenses are the most few masters about a consense of 400 most become which

No additional traffic analysis will be required from our division for this development proposal.

For future projects that do require focused traffic analysis, the process works as follows:

- 1. City staff prepared scope of work for Transportation Impact Analysis Study
- 2. City requests 3 proposals from qualified traffic engineering consultants through our existing on-call contract list and selects consultant with highest-rated proposal
- 3. Applicant provides deposit to City for consultant costs plus 30% for City staff administrative time coordinating technical studies
- 4. Consultant prepares work under direction of City
- 5. Upon completion of study, any remaining unused funds get returned to applicant.

Please let me know if you have any other questions.

Thanks,

Luke Schwartz, PETransportation Manager



Public Works
Transportation Planning/Engineering
919 Palm Street, San Luis Obispo, CA 93401-3218
E LSchwartz@slocity.org
T 805.781.7190
slocity.org

From: Rebecca Newman < rebecca@arris-studio.com>

Sent: Monday, April 12, 2021 4:20 PM **To:** Schwartz, Luke <LSchwart@slocity.org>

Cc: Wade Crosno <wade@crosnoconstruction.com>

Subject: VMT Analysis for 2855 McMillan

This message is from an External Source. Use caution when deciding to open attachments, click links, or respond.

Good Afternoon Luke,

I wanted to follow up on my voicemail with an email if it was more convenient.

We are working with the City Planning Department on a small warehouse building at 2855 McMillan and as a part of the environmental review we have been asked to provide a VMT Analysis. I had reached out to a local transportation consultant and they let me know that this is typically something that gets coordinated through the City and since Kyle Bell gave me your contact info, I thought I would start with you. Is a VMT Analysis something that needs to be initiated by the City?

Any information or guidance you can provide on the process is helpful.

Thank You,

Rebecca Newman | Arris Studio Architects

1327 Archer Street, Suite 220 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 Ph: (805) 547-2240 ext 122 Fax: (805) 547-2241

Email: Rebecca@arris-studio.com

Web: ARRIS-STUDIO.com





March 11, 2021

Rebecca Newman Arris Studio Architects 1327 Archer Street, Suite 220 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Re: 2855 McMillan Ave

Rebecca,

San Luis Garbage Co. has reviewed the garbage and recycling plan for the project at 2855 McMillan Ave. in San Luis Obispo. We approve Floor Plan A2.0 dated 12/15/2020 for commercial solid waste and recycling services. All bin enclosures must meet building standards established by the City of San Luis Obispo. The gates for the enclosures must open outward and there must be cane bolts added to keep the door secure when open. Holes will need to be drilled into the concrete for the cane bolts to drop in to.

Truck access point and path of travel must be designed in a manner that will accommodate the solid waste and recycling collections vehicles. San Luis Garbage reserved the right to require a waiver, release and hold harmless agreement for damages that may occur during normal collection activities.

Peter Cron San Luis Garbage Co. 805.550.4089 pcron@wateconnections.com